## **Low Cost Guided Munition**

System Study Presentation to

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#### Team LCGM

- Thomson Thorn Missile Electronics
- British Aerospace Royal Ordnance
- Matra BAe Dynamics
- Hunting Engineering
- Defence Evaluation and Research Agency











## Military Requirement

More Effective Payloads

Increased Range Capability
 (Army - 60 km, Navy - 150 km)

Improved Precision











## **Objectives**

- 1 year system study (Land and Navy applications)
- Examine how new technologies can improve performance or reduce cost
- Examine the maturity of the technologies
- Identify and quantify risks











## Equipment compatibility

- 155 mm equipments (AS90 + ERO)
- Modular charge system
- Internal ballistics:- nominal 945 m/s at 350 MPa for a 45 kg shot











## **Technologies**

- Composite materials
- Gun hardened GPS
- MEMS IMU and associated sensors
- Gun hardened canard control and electronics
- Slipping obturator for rifled barrels



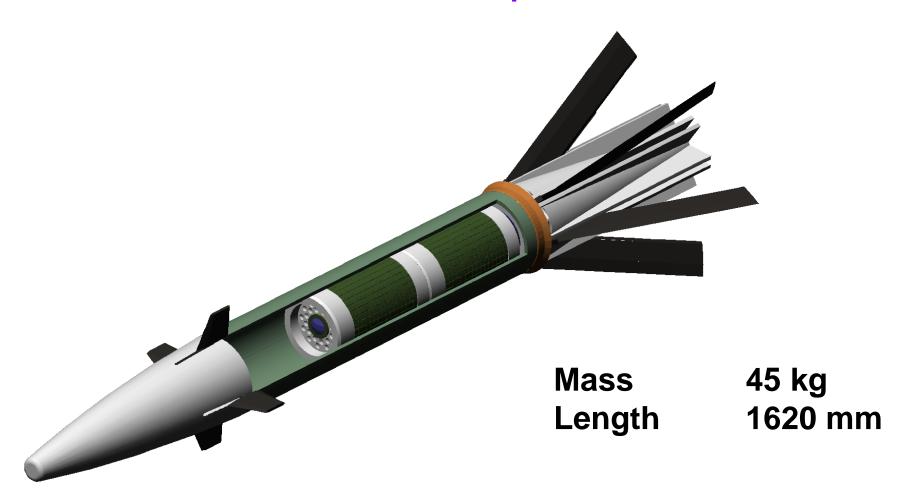








## The Concept "A"













#### Mass Breakdown

Nose structure	2.3 kg
Guidance & control	1.9 kg
Body	4.7 kg
Fin unit	4.0 kg
Payload	32.0 kg
Efficiency	67%











## Composite Components

- Carrier body
- Fin blades
- Fin unit
- Nose cone
- Payload support

- Filament winding
- Resin transfer
- Compression moulding
- Compression moulding
- Pultrusion











## Filament Winding





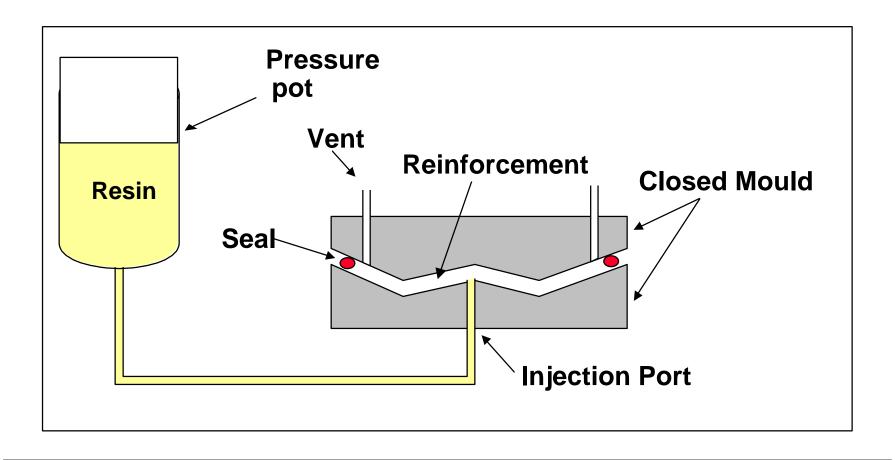








## The Resin Transfer Moulding Process





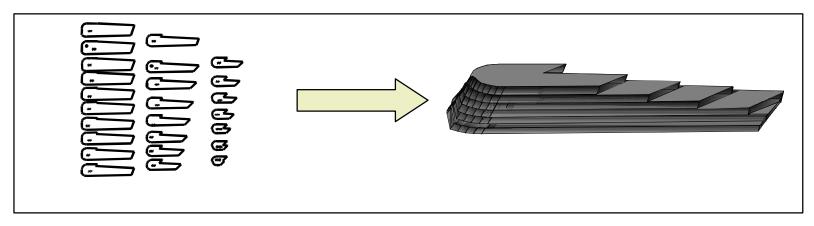




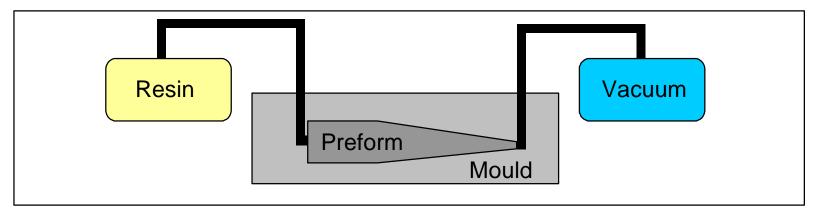




#### Fin Manufacture



#### **Pre-forming**



Infusion











# Fin made by RTM





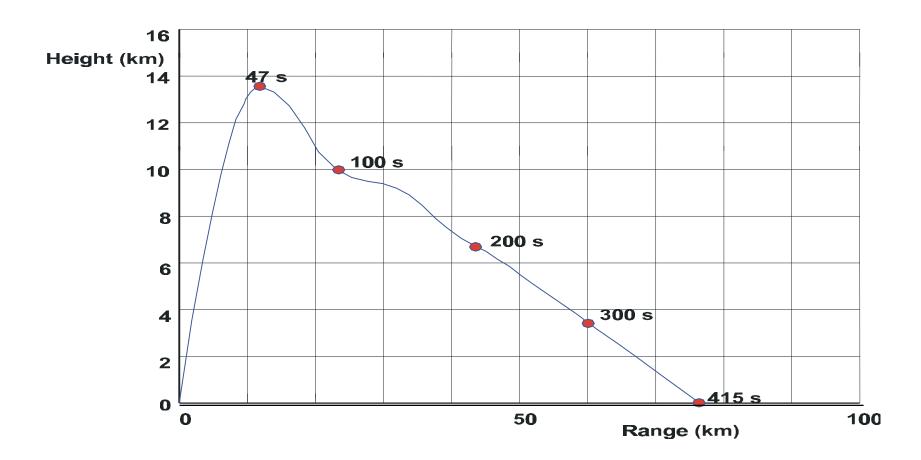








## Glide Trajectory













#### Lethal Mechanisms

Bomblets

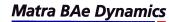
Sensor-fuzed sub-munitions

Deployable Fragmenting sub-Munitions



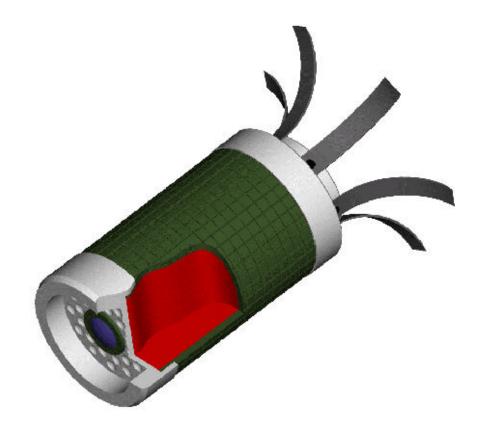








# Unitary Deployable Fragmenting sub-munition





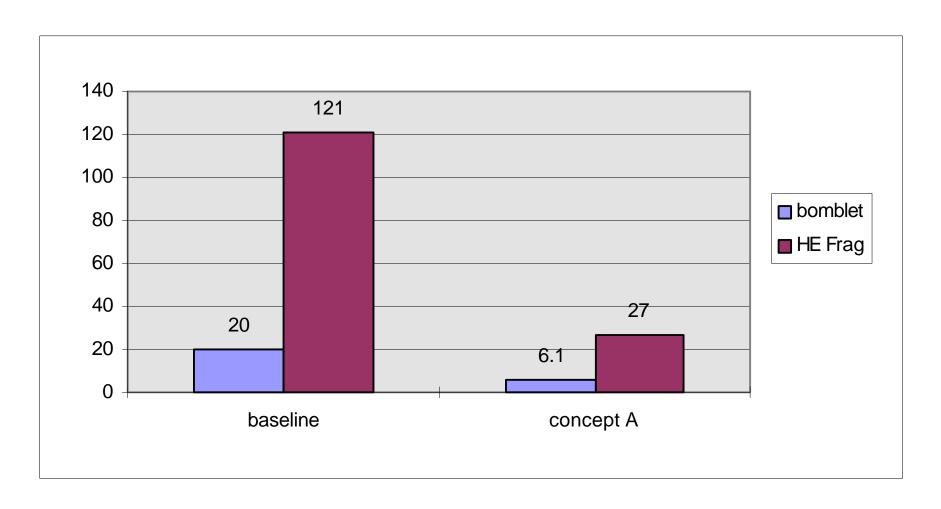








## Effectiveness comparisons (Troops)





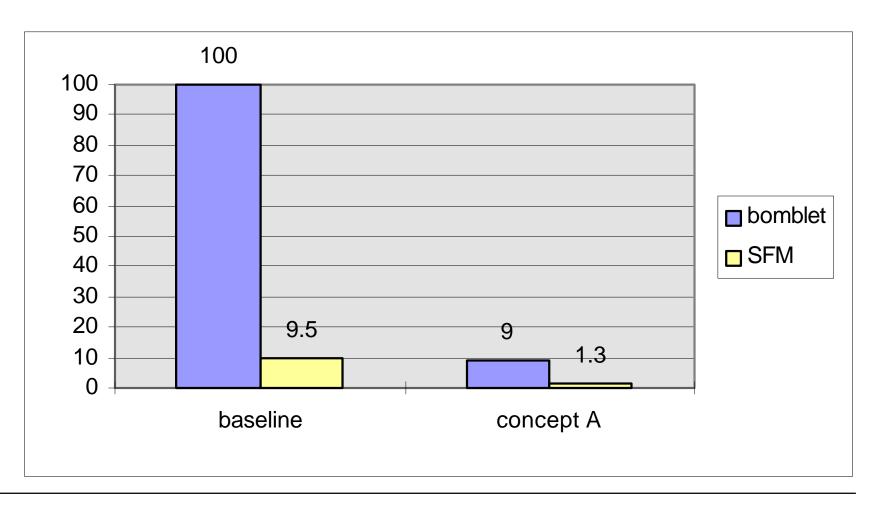








## Effectiveness comparisons (SP battery)





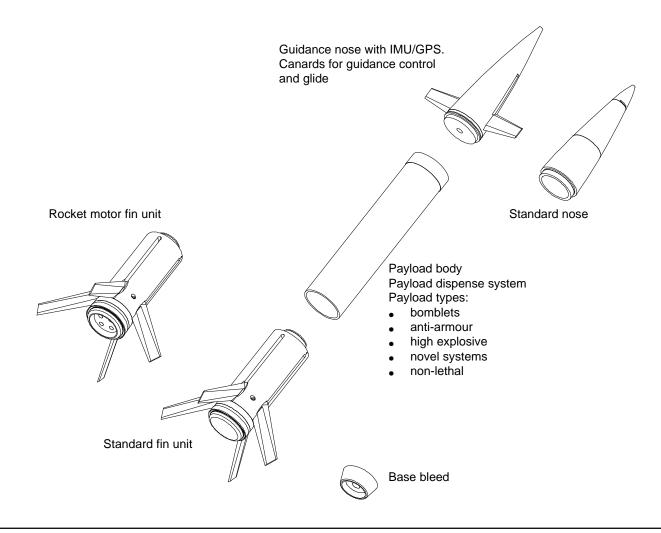








## **Modularity Concepts**













## Conclusions (1)

- LCGM can achieve 60 km operational range carrying an effective payload
- LCGM can be fired from future & in-service
   155 mm gun systems (and is adaptable for other calibres)
- Technologies for LCGM likely to be available and affordable in the timescale











## Conclusions (2)

- Extended range potential (Navy requirement needs propulsion)
- System modularity supports technology upgrades
- Payload family is effective against the specified target set
- Cost effective at previously unattainable ranges









